## **EXHIBIT H**

## 92-01732-300 Poc 17225-8 File led 202102118 Entente de 1202102112039234 Extrabilor H Pog 2 014

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November 13, 2017

#### VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL AND EMAIL

Joanna F. Wasick, Esq. Baker & Hostetler LLP 45 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10111

Re: Irving H. Picard, Trustee v. BNP Paribas S.A. et al. (Adv. Pro. No. 12-01576)

Dear Ms. Wasick:

I write on behalf of BNP Paribas S.A., BNP Paribas Arbitrage SNC, BNP Paribas Securities Services S.A., and BNP Paribas Bank & Trust (Cayman) Limited (collectively, the "BNPP Defendants") in response to your letter dated October 27, 2017, which requests a conference to discuss a proposed discovery plan pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f) in the above-referenced action (the "Request"). The Request is premature, as no further discovery should take place in this matter until after the Court has decided the pending motion to dismiss the amended complaint in this action (the "Amended Complaint"), which, as you know, was filed two days before the Request was sent. Notice Mot. Dismiss, *Picard v. BNP Paribas S.A.*, No. 12-01576 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Oct. 25, 2017), ECF No. 106 (the "Motion to Dismiss").

It is well established that where, as here, there exists "good cause," discovery should not commence until after the adjudication of a motion to dismiss. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(1); Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7026. In determining whether "good cause" exists, "[c]ourts consider: '(1) [the] breadth of discovery sought, (2) any prejudice that would result, and (3) the strength of the motion." *Hong Leong Finance Ltd.* (Singapore) v. Pinnacle Performance Ltd., 297 F.R.D. 69, 72 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (citation omitted). Here, these factors weigh in favor of postponing discovery and any related Rule 26(f) conference until after the Motion to Dismiss is decided.

# 92-01738-some Doc 17225-8 Filetled 202109/18 Entrete ted 202109/18714939234 Extrability H

Joanna F. Wasick, Esq. Baker & Hostetler LLP, p. 2

First, the scope of the discovery the Trustee seeks is extremely broad. See Boelter v. Hearst Commc'ns, Inc., No. 15 CIV. 03934 (AT), 2016 WL 361554, at \*4 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 28, 2016) ("In deciding whether to grant a [discovery] stay, 'a court should consider the breadth of discovery sought and the burden of responding to it . . . . "). For each of the four BNPP Defendants, the Trustee has made no less than sixty requests for the production of documents covering a period of time that spans almost two decades. Responding to the Request accordingly would impose a significant burden and costs on the BNPP Defendants.

Second, the Trustee would not suffer any prejudice if he is denied further discovery until the Motion to Dismiss is decided. This action was filed five and a half years ago, after the Trustee obtained substantial Rule 2004 productions from the BNPP Defendants and other entities, as well as access to BLMIS's records. There is no reason why the Trustee would be harmed if further discovery awaited the Court's decision. Moreover, while the Trustee is seeking discovery from certain *other* defendants in order to file amended complaints in those actions, he has affirmatively decided not to pursue this course of action against the BNPP Defendants. Having concluded that discovery was not necessary for the filing of the Amended Complaint, the Trustee cannot now claim that he will be prejudiced if he is denied discovery until after the legal sufficiency of that complaint is adjudicated.

Third, the Motion to Dismiss raises several "substantial arguments for dismissal" that will likely obviate the need for any further discovery. See Boelter, 2016 WL 361554, at \*5 (emphasis added). Indeed, the Court recently granted motions to dismiss in the Legacy matter on the basis of the Section 546(e) safe harbor and the good faith defense, even though the allegations of knowledge and willful blindness there were much stronger than any such allegations in this action. Picard v. Legacy Capital Ltd., 548 B.R. 13, 35 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2016). Furthermore, further discovery is particularly unwarranted here because the Motion to Dismiss raises substantial personal jurisdiction arguments for each of the BNPP Defendants. See Filus v. Lot Polish Airlines, 907 F.2d 1328, 1332 (2d Cir. 1990) ("[U]ntil [a plaintiff] has shown a reasonable basis for assuming jurisdiction, [it] is not entitled to any other discovery.").

Finally, my colleague Donna Xu's inquiry about the Amended Complaint was not, as you claim, a "request[] for information relating to the . . . Trustee's amended complaint" or an invitation to begin discovery. Indeed, Ms. Xu expressly stated to Mr. Calvani that we were not seeking to commence discovery in the action, but only were seeking documents indisputably incorporated by reference into the Amended Complaint. In any event, Mr. Calvani refused the request.

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Joanna F. Wasick, Esq. Baker & Hostetler LLP, p. 3

For the foregoing reasons, we decline your invitation to hold a Rule 26(f) conference during the week of November 13, 2017. We otherwise reserve all other rights, defenses, and arguments.

Sincerely,

Ari D. MacKinnon